Case 2:09-cv-00582-MHM Document 5 Filed 04/09/09 Page 1 of 4

Petitioner was taken into custody by Immigration and Customs Enforcement and he is currently being held under the name Rachan Banchong.

On June 3, 2008, an immigration judge entered an order for Petitioner's removal from the United States. On September 4, 2008, the Board of Immigration Appeals dismissed Petitioner's appeal. On February 24, 2009, the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit dismissed Petitioner's petition for review for lack of jurisdiction. Rachan Banchong v. Holder, No. 08-74009 (9th Cir. Feb. 24, 2009) (unpublished order). However, the Ninth Circuit's dismissal order provided that the temporary stay of removal previously entered by that court was to remain in effect until the issuance of the court's mandate. Id. The appellate docket reflects that the mandate has not yet issued and Petitioner's motion to reconsider is still pending before the court of appeals.

In his Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, Petitioner argues that his continuing detention is unlawful because he is being held under the wrong name and because he qualifies as a United States citizen by virtue of his adoption by a United States citizen. The Ninth Circuit recently held that a habeas corpus petitioner need not wait until his removal proceedings are completed before he can seek review in the district courts of his claim that his detention is unlawful because he is a citizen of the United States. Flores-Torres v. Mukasey, 548 F.3d 708, 713 (9th Cir. 2008). Accordingly, the Court will require Respondent to answer the Petition.

# **II.** Motion for Stay of Removal

Petitioner has filed a Motion for Stay of Removal Pending Consideration of Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Doc. #3). As previously noted, however, the stay of removal entered by the Ninth Circuit is still in effect. Petitioner has therefore failed to demonstrate that "specific facts in an affidavit or a verified complaint clearly show that immediate and irreparable injury, loss or damage will result before [Respondents] can be heard in opposition." FED. R. CIV. P. 65(b)(1)(A). Accordingly, Petitioner's Motion for Stay of Removal will be denied without prejudice.

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## III. Warnings

## A. Address Changes

Petitioner must file and serve a notice of a change of address in accordance with Rule 83.3(d) of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure. Petitioner must not include a motion for other relief with a notice of change of address. Failure to comply may result in dismissal of this action.

### B. Copies

Petitioner must serve Respondent, or counsel if an appearance has been entered, a copy of every document that he files. FED. R. CIV. P. 5(a). Each filing must include a certificate stating that a copy of the filing was served. FED. R. CIV. P. 5(d). Petitioner also must submit an additional copy of every filing for use by the Court. LRCiv 5.4. Failure to comply may result in the filing being stricken without further notice to Petitioner.

#### C. Possible dismissal

If Petitioner fails to timely comply with every provision of this Order, including these warnings, the Court may dismiss this action without further notice. See Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (district court may dismiss action for failure to comply with any order of the Court).

#### IT IS ORDERED:

- (1) The Clerk of Court must send mail to Petitioner under the name Rachan Banchong, aka Robert Richard McMasters.
- (2) Petitioner's Motion for Stay of Removal Pending Consideration of Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Doc. #3) **denied** without prejudice.
- (3) The Clerk of Court must serve a copy of the Summons, Petition and this Order upon the United States Attorney for the District of Arizona by certified mail addressed to the civil process clerk at the office of the United States Attorney pursuant to Rule 4(i)(1)(A) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The Clerk of Court also must send by certified mail a copy of the Summons, Petition and this Order to the United States Attorney General pursuant to Rule 4(i)(1)(B) and to Respondent pursuant to Rule 4(i)(2).

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(4) Respondent must answer the Petition within 20 days of the date of service. Respondent must not file a dispositive motion in place of an answer without first showing cause as to why an answer is inadequate. Petitioner may file a reply within 20 days from the date of service of the answer.

(5) The matter is referred to Magistrate Judge Jay R. Irwin pursuant to Rules 72.1 and 72.2 of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure for further proceedings and a report and recommendation.

DATED this 9<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2009.

Mary H. Murgula United States District Judge